

Main points

EOS is **well constrained by ab initio calculations** for

Neutron-rich conditions and nondegenerate conditions

especially interesting for mergers!

General EOS band based on nuclear physics and observations

neutron star radius 9.7-13.9 km for $M=1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$ ($\pm 15\%$)

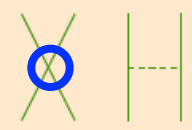


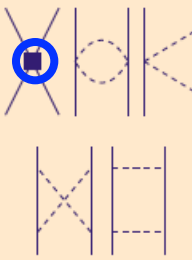


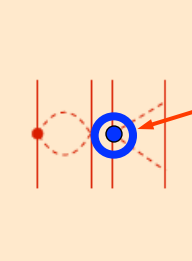
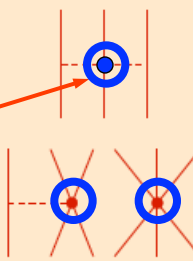

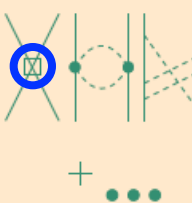
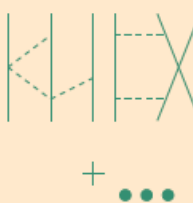
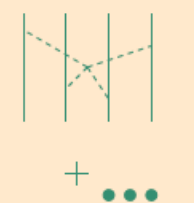
Chiral EFT important for consistent neutrino-matter interactions

Enhancement of neutrino bremsstrahlung at low densities

**with A. Bartl, C. Drischler, K. Hebeler, T. Krüger, J. Lattimer,
C. Pethick, V. Soma, I. Tews**

Chiral effective field theory for nuclear forces

Separation of scales: low momenta $\frac{1}{\lambda} = Q \ll \Lambda_b$ breakdown scale ~ 500 MeV

	NN	3N	4N
LO $\mathcal{O}\left(\frac{Q^0}{\Lambda^0}\right)$			
NLO $\mathcal{O}\left(\frac{Q^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)$			
N ² LO $\mathcal{O}\left(\frac{Q^3}{\Lambda^3}\right)$			
N ³ LO $\mathcal{O}\left(\frac{Q^4}{\Lambda^4}\right)$			

include long-range pion physics

few short-range couplings,
fit to experiment once

systematic: can work to desired
accuracy and obtain **error estimates**

consistent **electroweak interactions**
and **matching to lattice QCD**

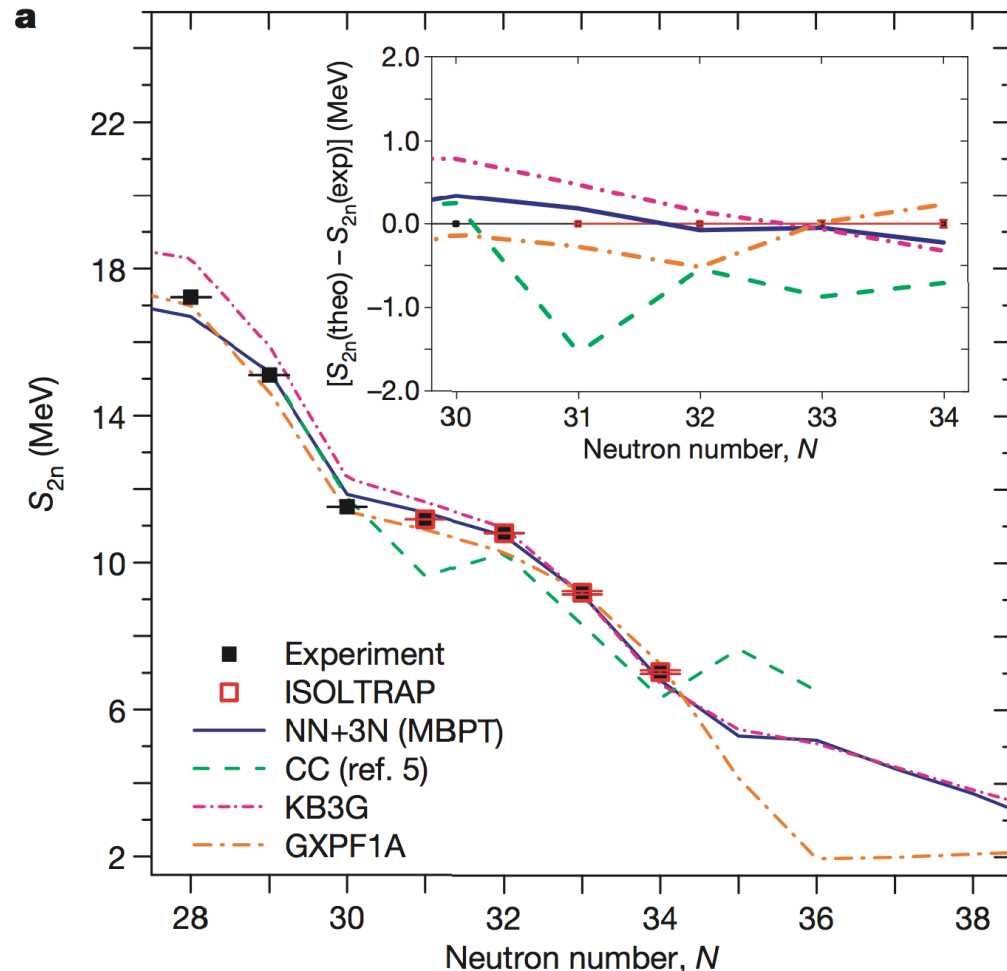
Masses of exotic calcium isotopes pin down nuclear forces

F. Wienholtz¹, D. Beck², K. Blaum³, Ch. Borgmann³, M. Breitenfeldt⁴, R. B. Cakirli^{3,5}, S. George¹, F. Herfurth², J. D. Holt^{6,7}, M. Kowalska⁸, S. Kreim^{3,8}, D. Lunney⁹, V. Manea⁹, J. Menéndez^{6,7}, D. Neidherr², M. Rosenbusch¹, L. Schweikhard¹, A. Schwenk^{7,6}, J. Simonis^{6,7}, J. Stanja¹⁰, R. N. Wolf¹ & K. Zuber¹⁰

$^{53,54}\text{Ca}$ masses measured
at ISOLTRAP using new
MR-TOF mass spectrometer

establish prominent $N=32$
shell closure in calcium

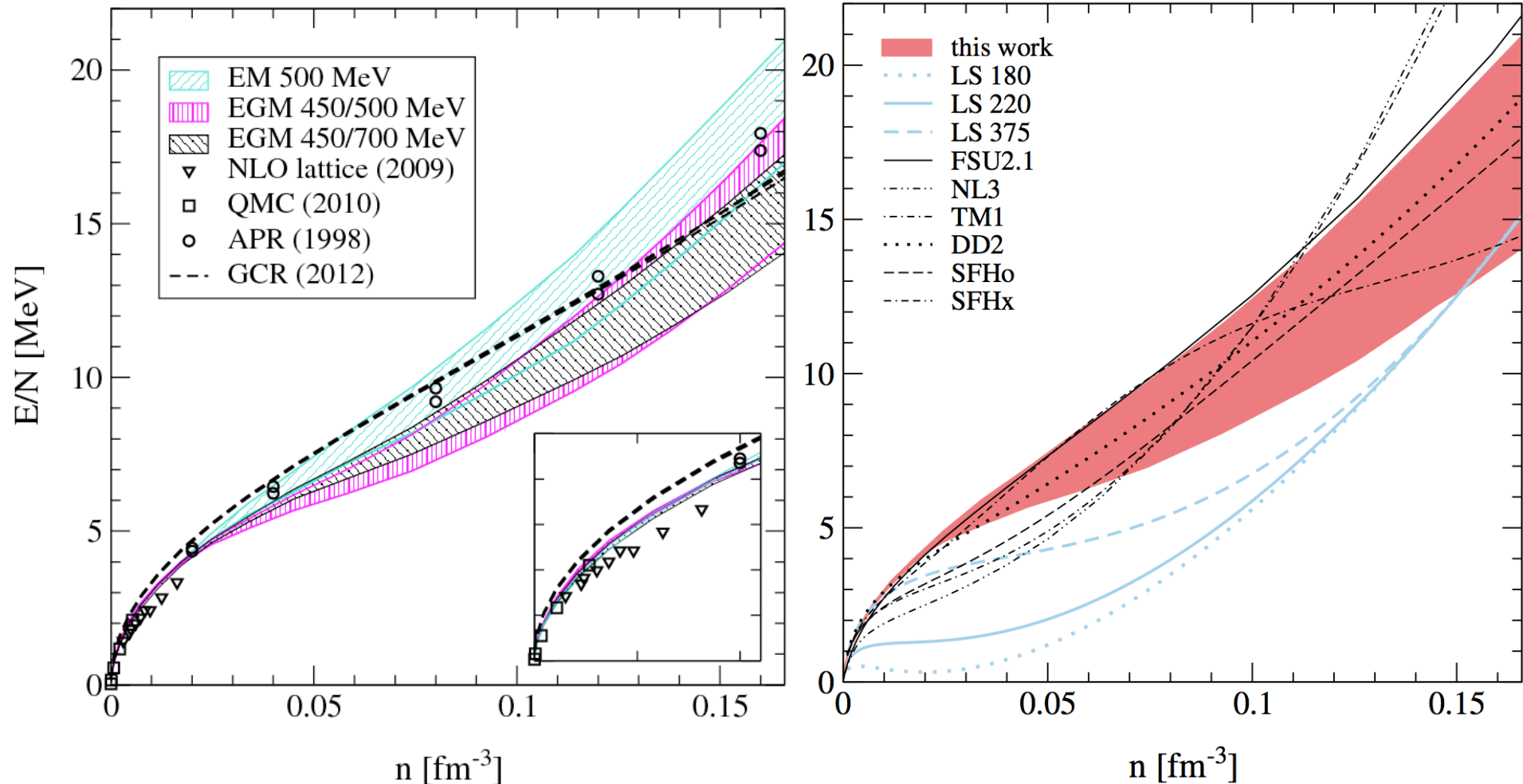
excellent agreement with
theoretical $NN+3N$ prediction



Complete N³LO calculation of neutron matter

first complete N³LO result **Tews, Krüger, Hebeler, AS (2013)**

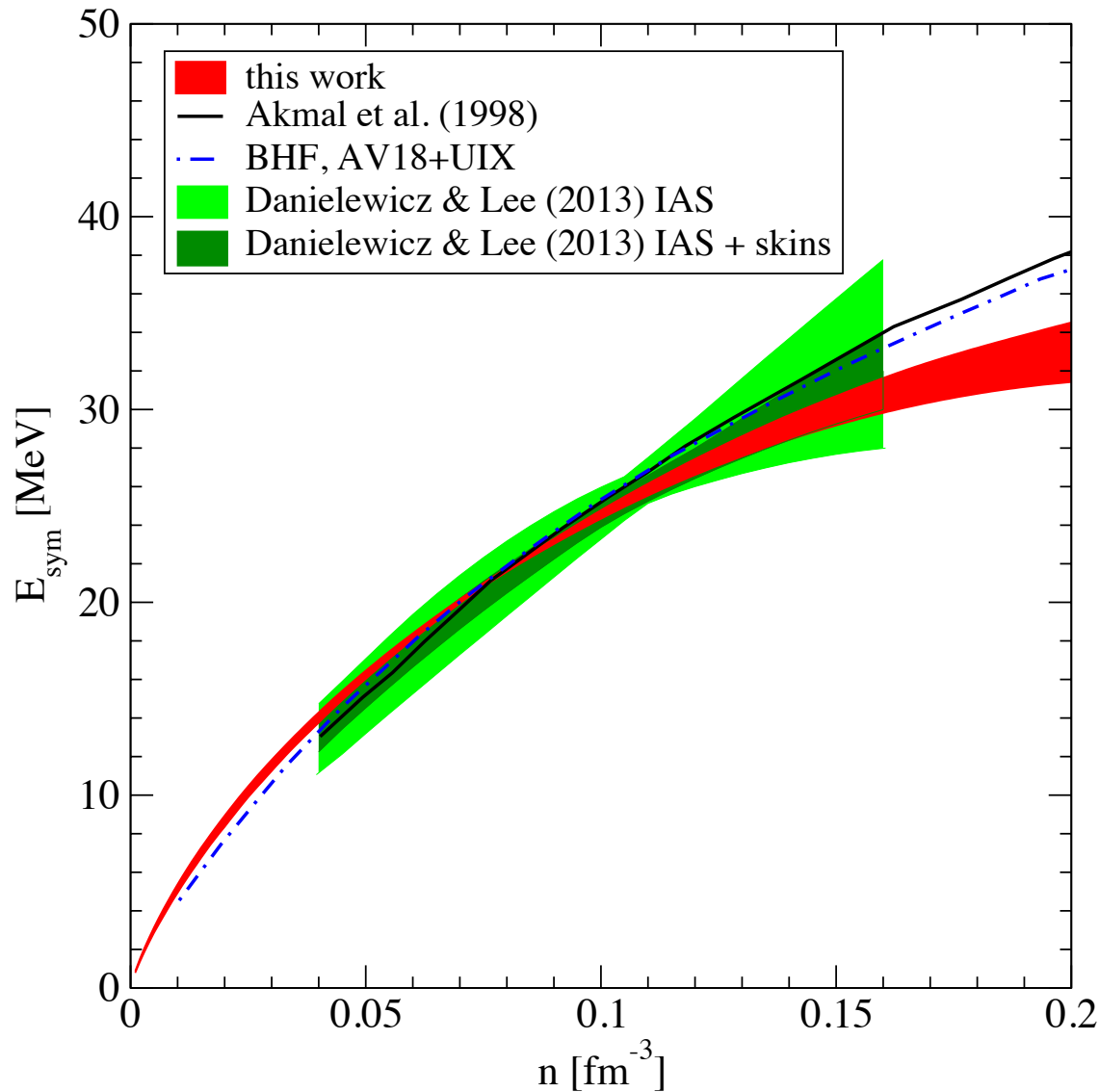
includes uncertainties from NN, 3N (dominates), 4N



many EOS used in simulations not consistent with neutron matter results

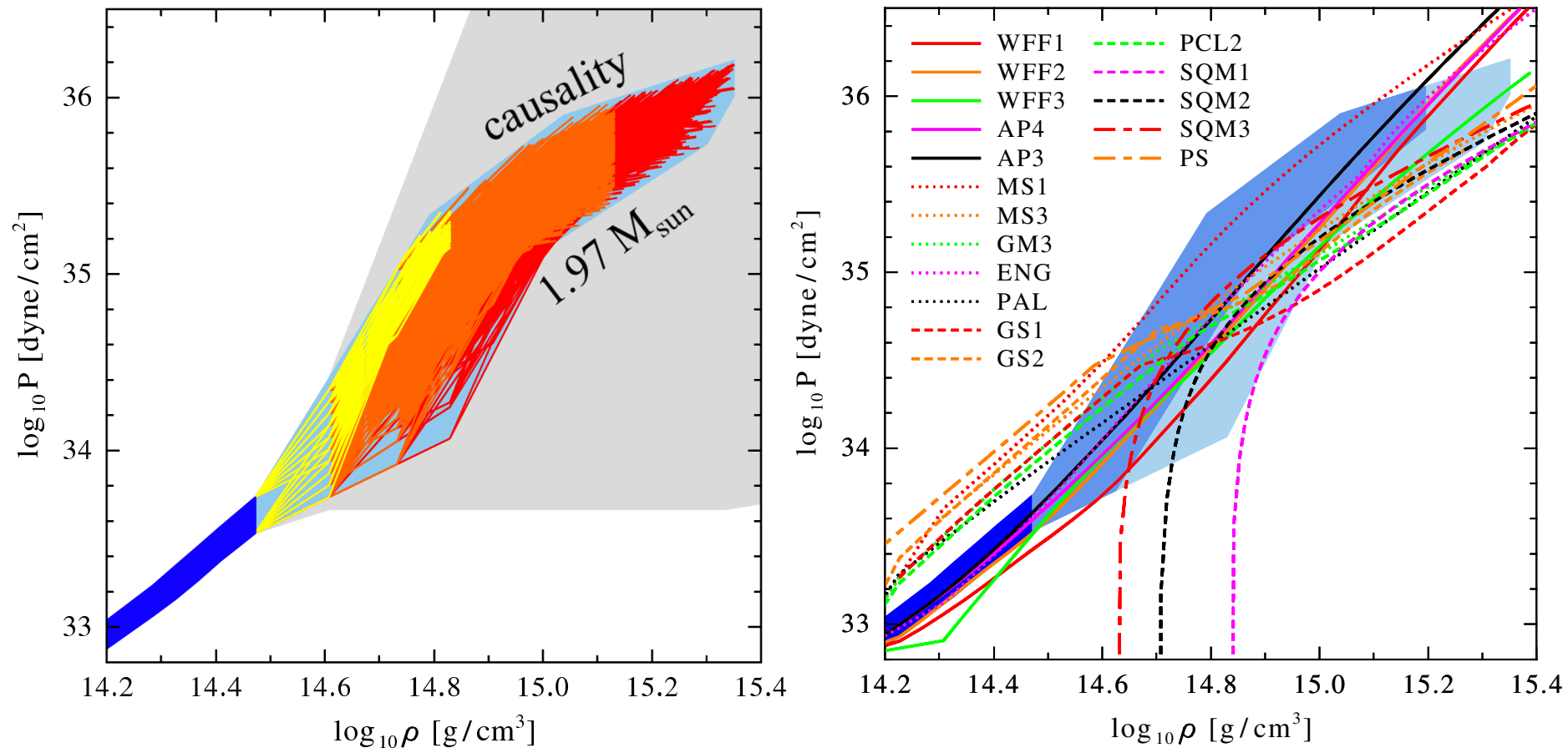
Calculations of asymmetric matter Drischler, Soma, AS, PRD (2014)

E_{sym} comparison with extraction from isobaric analogue states (IAS)
 $3N$ forces fit to ${}^3\text{H}$, ${}^4\text{He}$ properties only



Pressure of neutron star matter

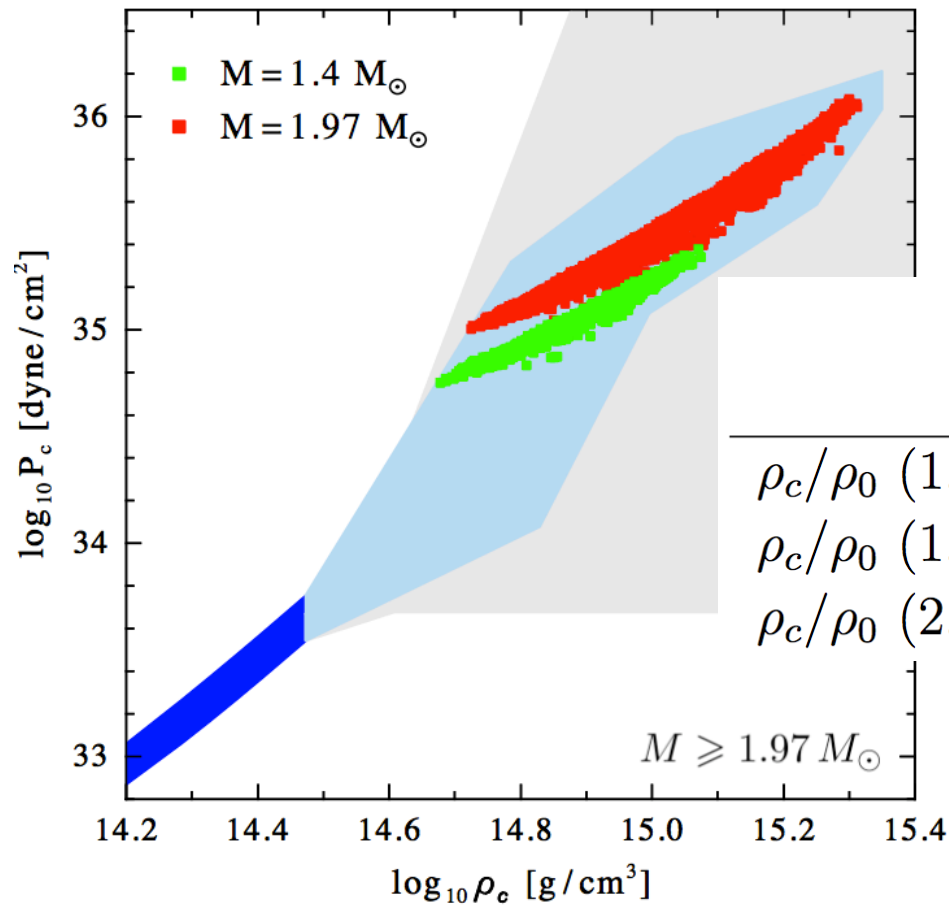
constrain polytropes by causality and require to support $1.97 M_{\text{sun}}$ star



low-density pressure sets scale, chiral EFT interactions provide strong constraints, ruling out many model equations of state

Pressure of neutron star matter

constrain polytropes by causality and require to support $1.97 M_{\text{sun}}$ star



	$\widehat{M} = 1.97 M_{\odot}$		$\widehat{M} = 2.4 M_{\odot}$	
	min	max	min	max
ρ_c / ρ_0 ($1.4 M_{\odot}$)	1.8	4.4	1.8	2.7
ρ_c / ρ_0 ($1.97 M_{\odot}$)	2.0	7.6	2.0	3.4
ρ_c / ρ_0 ($2.4 M_{\odot}$)			2.2	5.4

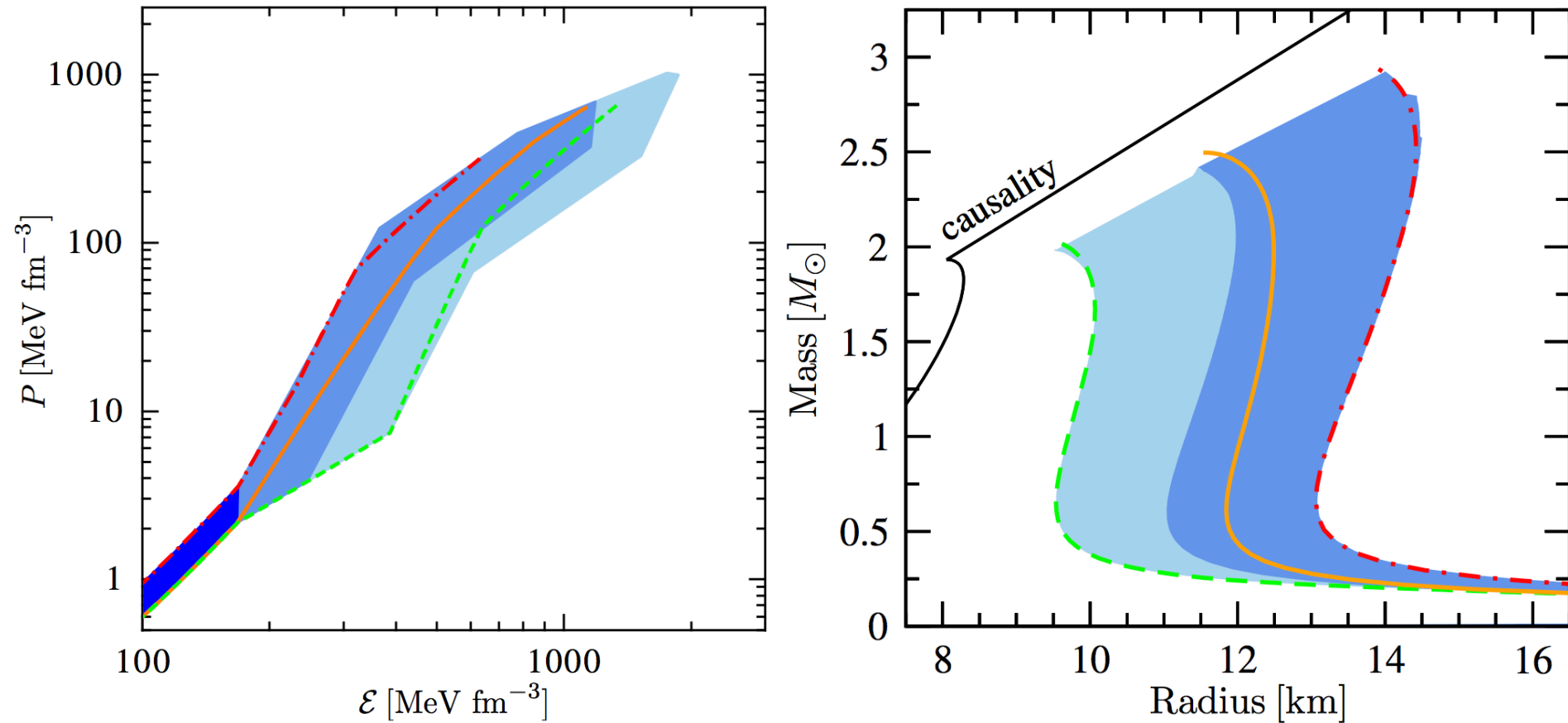
low-density pressure sets scale, chiral EFT interactions provide strong constraints, ruling out many model equations of state

central densities for $1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$ star: $1.8\text{--}4.4 \rho_0$

Representative equations of state

all EOS for cold matter in beta equilibrium should go through our band

constructed 3 representative EOS for users: **soft**, **intermediate**, **stiff**

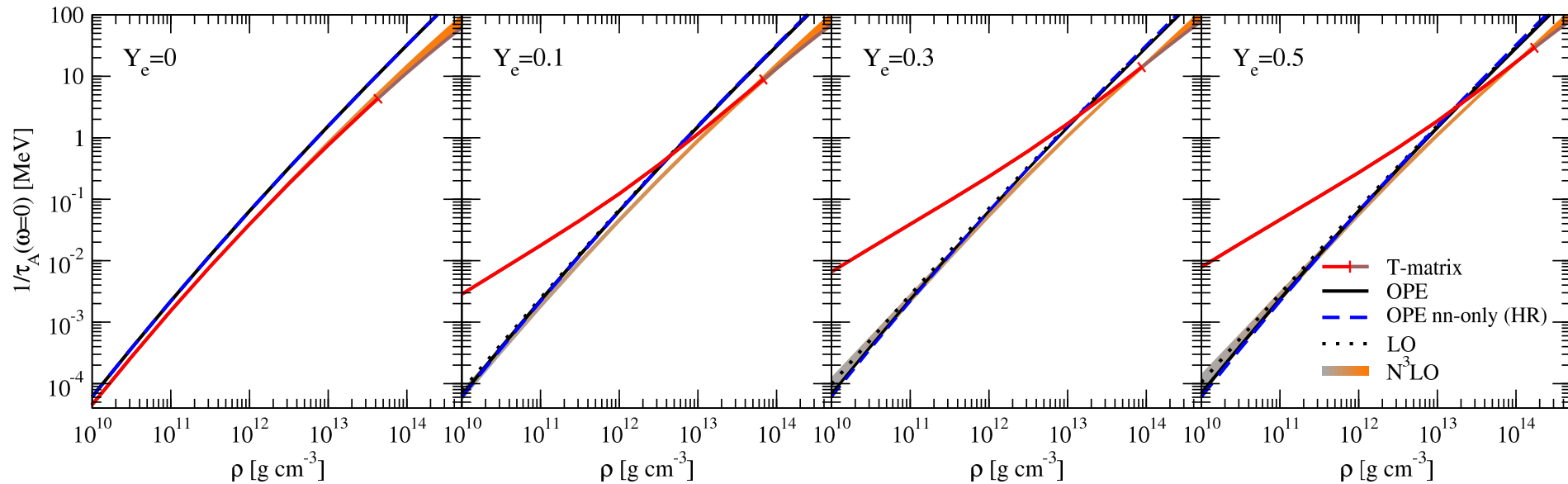


Neutrino bremsstrahlung in mixtures of neutron and protons

in mixtures also S-wave interactions enter: large scattering lengths!

lead to enhancement of bremsstrahlung at low densities for nonzero Y_e

Bartl, Pethick, AS, PRL (2014)



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